REFERENCE 78

E. B. JOHNSON, "CRITICALITY OF URANIUM OF LOW ENRICHMENT IN WATER," TRANS. AM. NUCL. SOC. 12: 336 (1969).

1969 ANNUAL MEETING SEATTLE, WASHINGTON JUNE 15-19, 1969 AMERICAN NUCLEAR SOCIETY

VOLUME 12 NUMBER 1



TRANSACTIONS

TRANSACTIONS

OF THE AMERICAN NUCLEAR SOCIETY FIFTEENTH ANNUAL MEETING JUNE 15 - 19, 1969 OLYMPIC HOTEL SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

> Technical Program Chairman Albert L. Babb (U of Wash)

> > Editor Ruth Farmakes (ANS)

> > > Reviewers

F. T. Adler (U of Ill) Z. Akcasu (U of Mich) A. L. Babb (U of Wash), Technical Program Chairman E. S. Beckjord (WAPD) C. E. Branyan (APDA), Reactor Operations Division R. D. Brooks (GE-NSP), Aerospace Division Leslie Burris (ANL) M. Butler (ANL), Mathematics and Computation Division H. C. Claiborne (ORNL) E. D. Clayton (BNW), Technical Group for Nuclear Criticality Safety J. E. Cunningham (ORNL), Materials Science and Technology Division J. DeMastry (BCL) G. Melese-d'Hospital (GGA) F. Feiner (GE-KAPL) M. J. Feldman (ANL-Idaho), Chairman, National Program Committee E. Gelbard (W-BAPL) D. D. Glower (Ohio State U) Paul Greebler (GE-San Jose) D. F. Hang (U of Ill) E. J. Hennelly (duPont-SRL), Isotopes and Radiation Division. J. A. Hinds (NUS) D. G. Hurst (AECL) E. M. Kinderman (Stanford Res) K. Lathrop (LASL) H. Lawroski (ANL-Idaho) Milton Lewis (DW Douglas) W. R. Martin (ORNL) E. A. Mason (MIT) N. J. McCormick (U of Wash) Harry Pearlman (AI) A. E. Profio (GGA), Shielding and Dosimetry Division W. E. Selph (GGA) W. B. Silker (BNW) A. E. Swanson (Black & Veatch), Power Division L. J. Weidner, Jr. (LA Dept W&P) J. E. Wilkins (GGA) D. E. Wood (Kaman Nucl) G. L. Woodruff (U of Wash), Assistant Technical Program Chairman

COPYRIGHT © 1969 AMERICAN NUCLEAR SOCIETY, INCORPORATED, HINSDALE, ILLINOIS 60521

Printed in USA

1. Criticality of Uranium of Low Enrichment in Water, E. B. Johnson (UCC-ND)

As a part of a continuing program investigating the critical dimensions of lattices of uranium rods in aqueous solutions, limited measurements were made with rods containing uranium dioxide, and measurements with unclad metal rods were extended.

In the first series of experiments, the uranium, as UO_2 , was enriched to 3.95% in ^{235}U . The fuel-bearing region of each rod was 1.27 cm in diameter and 138.7 cm long, clad in 0.046-cm-thick Inconel tubing. Because of the limited number of rods, it was possible to make only a few lattices critical in water. However, it was established that the minimum number of these rods that can be made critical, when moderated and reflected by water, is 149, in a square pattern at a pitch of 2.64 cm; this was a 12×13 lattice with seven rods removed from one face and contained 9.5 kg of ^{235}U .

Further measurements have been made with U(5) rods 0.234 cm in diameter latticed in water, extending work previously reported.^{1,2} The minimum critical mass in a spherical water-moderated and -reflected lattice is 1.6 kg of ²³⁵U. As shown in Fig. 1, which compares the calculated and experimentally determined minimum spherical critical masses, this value is less than those for rods of larger diameter and also less than that for a sphere of aqueous U(4.98)O₂F₂ solution at a concentration of 45.3g of ²³⁵U/liter, and is greater than that predicted by Clark³ by essentially the same amount as were those reported earlier for rods of large diameters.

- 1. E. B. JOHNSON, Trans. Am. Nucl. Soc., 10, 190 (1967).
- 2. E. B. JOHNSON, Trans. Am. Nucl. Soc., 11, 674 (1968).
- H. K. CLARK, "Critical and Safe Masses and Dimensions of Lattices of U and UO₂ Rods in Water," DP-1014, Savannah River Laboratory (1966).



Fig. 1. Comparison of calculated and experimental water-moderated and -reflected minimum critical lattices of U(4.89) rods of several diameters.